

Recombinant Human EGF Protein

Catalog No.: RP03287 **Recombinant**

Sequence Information

Species	Gene ID	Swiss Prot
Human	1950	P01133

Tags

No-Tag

Synonyms

EGF; Pro-epidermal growth factor; EGF;
Cleaved into: Epidermal growth factor;
Urogastrone

Product Information

Source	Purification
<i>E. coli</i>	≥ 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. ≥ 95 % as determined by HPLC.

Calculated MW	Observed MW
6.35 kDa	5-15 kDa

Endotoxin

< 0.01 EU/μg of the protein by LAL method

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.22 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stabilizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

Background

As a low-molecular-weight polypeptide, EGF was first purified from the mouse submandibular gland, but since then it was found in many human tissues including submandibular gland, parotid gland. It can also be found in human platelets, macrophages, urine, saliva, milk, and plasma. EGF is a growth factor that stimulates the growth of various epidermal and epithelial tissues in vivo and in vitro and of some fibroblasts in cell culture. It results in cellular proliferation, differentiation, and survival. Salivary EGF, which seems also regulated by dietary inorganic iodine, also plays an important physiological role in the maintenance of oro-esophageal and gastric tissue integrity. EGF acts by binding with high affinity to epidermal growth factor receptor on the cell surface and stimulating the intrinsic protein-tyrosine kinase activity of the receptor.

Basic Information

Description

Recombinant Human EGF Protein is produced by *E. coli* Cells expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Asn971-Arg1023) of Human EGF (Accession #NP_001954.2) fused with no tag.

Bio-Activity

Measured in a cell proliferation assay using Balb/C 3T3 mouse embryonic fibroblasts. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.02-0.2 ng/mL.

Storage

Store at -20°C. Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C up to 1 year from the date of receipt.

After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

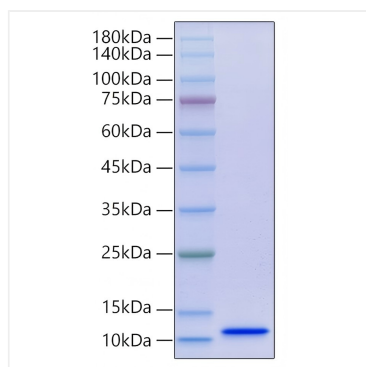
Contact

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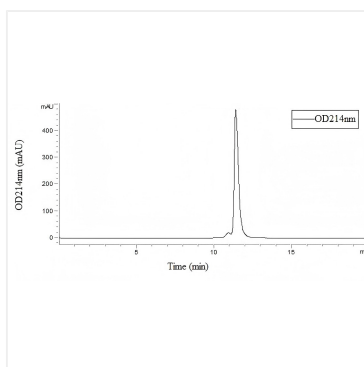
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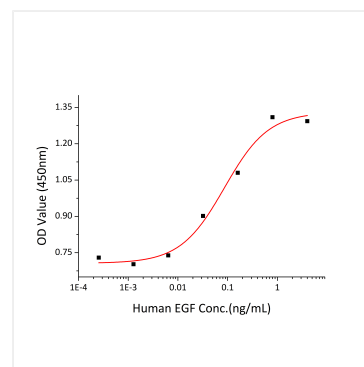
Validation Data



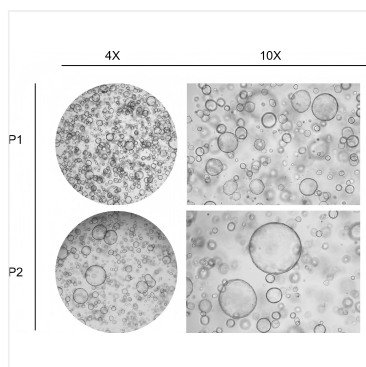
Recombinant Human EGF Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions with Coomassie Blue.



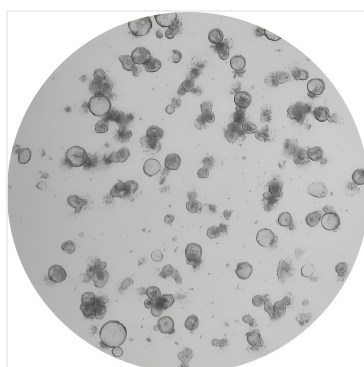
Recombinant Human EGF Protein is greater than 95% as determined by SEC-HPLC.



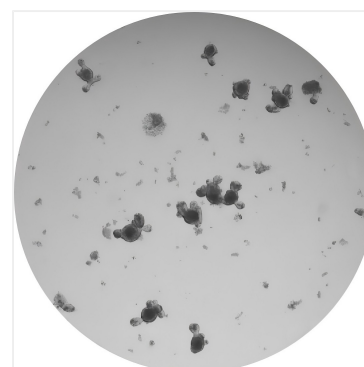
Measured in a cell proliferation assay using Balb3T3 mouse fibroblast cells. The ED_{50} for this effect is 0.04-0.17 ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of $5.88 \times 10^6 \sim 2.50 \times 10^7$ units/mg.



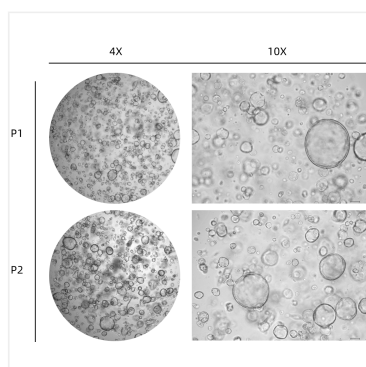
Human stomach organoids were cultured with EGF(Cat. RP03287), FGF10(Cat. RP01140), NOG(Cat. RP01237), RSP01(Cat. RP00071), WNT-3a(Cat. RP01618SLQ).



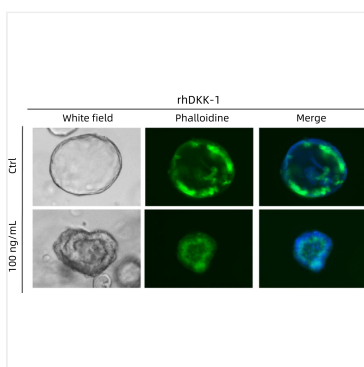
Mouse large intestinal organoids were cultured with EGF(Cat. RP03287), NOG(Cat. RP01237), RSP01(Cat. RP00071), WNT-3a(Cat. RP01618SLQ)



Mouse small intestinal organoids were cultured with EGF(Cat. RP03287), NOG(Cat. RP01237), RSP01(Cat. RP00071).



Human liver organoids were cultured with EGF(Cat. RP03287), HGF(Cat. RP01602), FGF2(Cat. RP01042), FGF10(Cat. RP01140), NOG(Cat. RP01237), RSP01(Cat. RP00071), WNT-3a(Cat. RP01618SLQ).



Human kidney organoids were cultured with EGF(Cat. RP03287), FGF2(Cat. RP01042), FGF7(Cat. RP01717), FGF9(Cat. RP01710), FGF10(Cat. RP01140), IGF-(Cat. RP00996), NOG(Cat. RP01237), RSP01(Cat. RP00071), WNT-3a(Cat. RP01618SLQ). And further, DKK-1(RP01343) was used to induce the establishment of cell polarity.