# Recombinant Human CSF-3/G-CSF Protein

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## **Sequence Information**

**Species** Gene ID **Swiss Prot** Human 1440 P09919-2

**Tags** C-6His

**Synonyms** 

GCSF; CSF3OS; C17orf33;CSF3

## **Product Information**

Source

HEK293 cells

**Purification** ≥ 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE;≥ 95 % as determined by HPLC.

Calculated MW Observed MW

22.82 kDa 20 kDa

## **Endotoxin**

< 0.1 EU/µg of the protein by LAL method.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from a 0.22 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

#### Reconstitution

Centrifuge the vial before opening. Reconstitute to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL in sterile distilled water. Avoid vortex or vigorously pipetting the protein. For long term storage, it is recommended to add a carrier protein or stablizer (e.g. 0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose), and aliquot the reconstituted protein solution to minimize free-thaw cycles.

#### Contact

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## **Background**

Granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) is a growth factor and an essential cytokine belonging to the CSF family of hormone-like glycoproteins. It is produced by numerous cell types including immune and endothelial cells. G-CSF binding to its receptor G-CSF-R which belongs to the cytokine receptor type I family depends on the interaction of alpha-helical motifs of the former and two fibronectin type III as well as an immunoglobulin-like domain of the latter. Recent animal studies have also revealed that G-CSF activates multiple signaling pathways, such as Akt and also the Janus family kinase-2 and signal transducer and activation of transcription-3 (Jak2-STAT3) pathway, thereby promoting survival, proliferation, differentiation and mobilisation of haematopoietic stem and progenitor cells. G-CSF is a cytokine that have been demonstrated to improve cardiac function and perfusion in myocardial infarction. And it was initially evaluated as a stem cell mobilizer and erythropoietin as a cytoprotective agent. G-CSF prevents left ventricular remodeling after myocardial infarction by decreasing cardiomyocyte death and by increasing the number of blood vessels, suggesting the importance of direct actions of G-CSF on the myocardium rather than through mobilization and differentiation of stem cells. Accordingly, recombinant human (rh)G-CSF has been extensively used in clinical haematology and oncology to enable bone marrow transplantation or to treat chemotherapy-associated neutropenia. In preclinical study, G-CSF improved cardiac function and perfusion by angiomyogenesis and protection of cardiomyocytes in myocardial infarction.

## **Basic Information**

#### Description

Recombinant Human CSF-3/G-CSF Protein is produced by HEK293 cells expression system. The target protein is expressed with sequence (Met1-Pro204) of human G-CSF/CSF3 (Accession #NP\_757373.1) fused with and a 6×His tag at the C-terminus.

## **Bio-Activity**

1. Measured in a cell proliferation assay using NFS-60 mouse myelogenous leukemia lymphoblast cells. The ED<sub>50</sub> for this effect is 41-164 pg/mL.

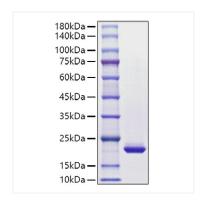
## **Storage**

Store at -20°C. Store the lyophilized protein at -20°C to -80 °C up to 1 year from the date of receipt.

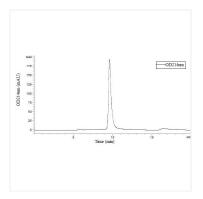
After reconstitution, the protein solution is stable at -20°C for 3 months, at 2-8°C for up to 1 week.

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

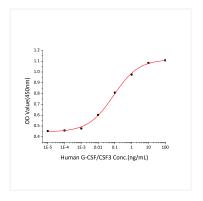
## **Validation Data**



Recombinant Human CSF-3/G-CSF Protein was determined by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions with Coomassie Blue.



Recombinant Human CSF-3/G-CSF Protein is greater than 95% as determined by SEC-HPLC.



Recombinant Human G-CSF/CSF3 stimulates cell proliferation of the NFS-60 mouse myelogenous leukemia lymphoblast cells. The ED $_{50}$  for this effect is 41-164 pg/mL.