

# MLKL Knockout HeLa Cell Line, Homozygous

**Catalog No.: RM01861**

## Basic Information

**Catalog No.**

RM01861

**Category**

Cell Line

**Parental Cell line**

HeLa

**Genotype**

Knockout

## Gene Information

**Gene Symbol**

MLKL

**Species**

Human

**Gene ID**

197259

**Swiss Prot**

Q8NB16

**Synonyms**

hMLKL

## Contact

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## Background

This gene belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. The encoded protein contains a protein kinase-like domain; however, is thought to be inactive because it lacks several residues required for activity. This protein plays a critical role in tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process, via interaction with receptor-interacting protein 3 (RIP3), which is a key signaling molecule in necroptosis pathway. Inhibitor studies and knockdown of this gene inhibited TNF-induced necrosis. High levels of this protein and RIP3 are associated with inflammatory bowel disease in children. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

## Product Information

**Description**

MLKL Knockout HeLa Cell Line is engineered from HeLa cell line with Gene-Editing Technology.

Allele-1:169bp deletion in exon1

Allele-2:169bp deletion in exon1

Mammalian cells such as human, rat and mouse cells are normally diploid with two alleles. Homozygote: both alleles were knocked out, mRNA has no signal, no expression of proteins. Heterozygote: only one allele was knocked out, the mRNA transcript levels was decreased compared to wild type, and the protein expression levels was also lower than that of the wild type.

**Packaging**

1 vial parental cell line and 1 vial knockout cell line

**Shipping Conditions**

Dry ice

**Amount**

1~5x10<sup>6</sup> cells/vial

**Storage**

Stored in liquid nitrogen for a long time less than -130°C. Minimizing freeze-thaw cycles.

**Protocol**

Upon arrival, it should be maintained in DMEM medium with 10%(v/v) fetal bovine serum and 100U penicillin-streptomycin, at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> condition.

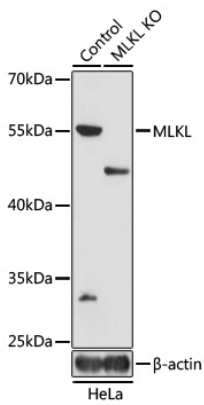
1. Thaw the vial in 37°C water bath, and shake it to melt as soon as possible.
2. Transfer the cell suspension to a 15mL conical tube with pre-warmed 5mL complete medium and centrifuge 1000rpm for approximately 5 minutes at room temperature.
3. Remove and discard the supernatant.
4. Resuspend the cell pellet with 1mL pre-warmed complete medium and seed in 10cm dish.
5. Add 8-10mL of complete medium.
6. Incubate the culture at 37°C incubator with 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.
7. A subcultivation ratio of 1:2-1:4 is recommended.

## Sequencing data

WT CTGAGAAGTTAACC\*\*\*\*\*TTCAGGTTGAGCAA  
Mut CTGAGAAGTTAACC\*\*\*Deletion\*\*\*TTCAGGTTGAGCAA  
Allele-1: 169bp deletion in exon1  
  
WT CTGAGAAGTTAACC\*\*\*\*\*TTCAGGTTGAGCAA  
Mut CTGAGAAGTTAACC\*\*\*Deletion\*\*\*TTCAGGTTGAGCAA  
Allele-2: 169bp deletion in exon1

Genome sequence analysis of PCR products from parental (WT) and MLKL knockout (KO) HeLa cells, using sanger sequencing.

## WB data



Western blot analysis of extracts from parental (Control) and MLKL Knockout HeLa Cell Line, using MLKL antibody at 1:1000 dilution.