

[KO Validated] COMT Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A18085 **KO** Validated

Basic Information

Observed MW

24kDa, 28kDa

Calculated MW

30kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

ELISA, WB

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

Background

Catechol-O-methyltransferase catalyzes the transfer of a methyl group from S-adenosylmethionine to catecholamines, including the neurotransmitters dopamine, epinephrine, and norepinephrine. This O-methylation results in one of the major degradative pathways of the catecholamine transmitters. In addition to its role in the metabolism of endogenous substances, COMT is important in the metabolism of catechol drugs used in the treatment of hypertension, asthma, and Parkinson disease. COMT is found in two forms in tissues, a soluble form (S-COMT) and a membrane-bound form (MB-COMT). The differences between S-COMT and MB-COMT reside within the N-termini. Several transcript variants are formed through the use of alternative translation initiation sites and promoters.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

1312

Swiss Prot

P21964

Immunogen

Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 42-221 of human COMT (NP_009294.1).

Synonyms

HEL-S-98n; MT

Contact

 | 400-999-6126 | cn.market@abclonal.com.cn | www.abclonal.com.cn

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

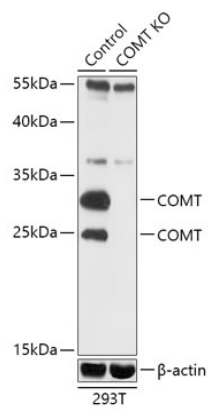
Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thimerosal, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from wild type (WT) and COMT knockout (KO) 293T cells, using [KO Validated] COMT Rabbit pAb (A18085) at 1:1000 dilution.
Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 30s.