

TNFRSF13C Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A14299

Basic Information

Observed MW

38kDa

Calculated MW

19kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse

Background

B cell-activating factor (BAFF) enhances B-cell survival in vitro and is a regulator of the peripheral B-cell population. Overexpression of Baff in mice results in mature B-cell hyperplasia and symptoms of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). Also, some SLE patients have increased levels of BAFF in serum. Therefore, it has been proposed that abnormally high levels of BAFF may contribute to the pathogenesis of autoimmune diseases by enhancing the survival of autoreactive B cells. The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for BAFF and is a type III transmembrane protein containing a single extracellular cysteine-rich domain. It is thought that this receptor is the principal receptor required for BAFF-mediated mature B-cell survival.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000**ELISA** Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

115650

Swiss Prot

Q96RJ3

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

BAFFR; CD268; CVID4; BAFF-R; BROMIX; prolixin; TNFRSF13C

Contact

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Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

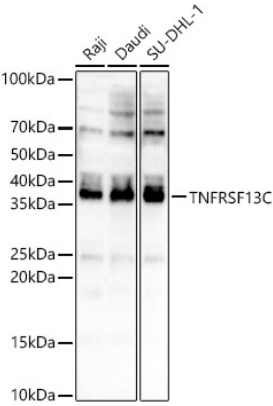
Purification

Affinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C

Validation Data



Western blot analysis of various lysates, using TNFRSF13C Rabbit pAb (A14299) at 1:400 dilution.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Enhanced Kit (RM00021).
Exposure time: 180s.