## **PRKAG3 Rabbit pAb**

Catalog No.: A14132 1 Publications



### **Basic Information**

Observed MW 54kDa

Calculated MW 54kDa

Category Primary antibody

Applications WB,IF/ICC,ELISA

Cross-Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

## Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a regulatory subunit of the AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a heterotrimer consisting of an alpha catalytic subunit, and non-catalytic beta and gamma subunits. AMPK is an important energy-sensing enzyme that monitors cellular energy status. In response to cellular metabolic stresses, AMPK is activated, and thus phosphorylates and inactivates acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) and beta-hydroxy beta-methylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMGCR), key enzymes involved in regulating de novo biosynthesis of fatty acid and cholesterol. This subunit is one of the gamma regulatory subunits of AMPK. It is dominantly expressed in skeletal muscle. Studies of the pig counterpart suggest that this subunit may play a key role in the regulation of energy metabolism in skeletal muscle.

### **Recommended Dilutions**

WB	1:500 - 1:1000
IF/ICC	1:50 - 1:200
ELISA	Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

### **Immunogen Information**

# **Gene ID** 53632

Swiss Prot Q9UGI9

#### Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

AMPKG3; SMGMQTL; PRKAG3

### Contact

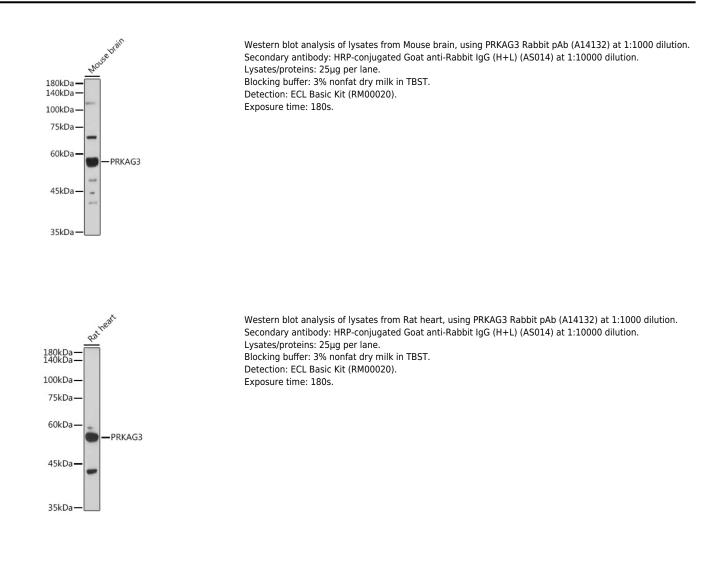
6	400-999-6126
$\times$	cn.market@abclonal.com.cn
€	www.abclonal.com.cn

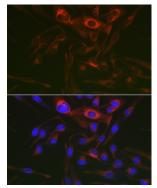
## **Product Information**

**Source** Rabbit **Isotype** IgG Purification Affinity purification

### Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.05% proclin300,50% glycerol,pH7.3.





Immunofluorescence analysis of RD cells using PRKAG3 Rabbit pAb (A14132) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.