HLA-A Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: A11406 Recombinant 1 Publications



Basic Information

Observed MW

41kDa

Calculated MW

41kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB,IHC-P,ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human

CloneNo number

ARC0588

Background

HLA-A belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. This class I molecule is a heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain (beta-2 microglobulin). The heavy chain is anchored in the membrane. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen so that they can be recognized by cytotoxic T cells. They are expressed in nearly all cells. The heavy chain is approximately 45 kDa and its gene contains 8 exons. Exon 1 encodes the leader peptide, exons 2 and 3 encode the alpha1 and alpha2 domains, which both bind the peptide, exon 4 encodes the alpha3 domain, exon 5 encodes the transmembrane region, and exons 6 and 7 encode the cytoplasmic tail. Polymorphisms within exon 2 and exon 3 are responsible for the peptide binding specificity of each class one molecule. Typing for these polymorphisms is routinely done for bone marrow and kidney transplantation. More than 6000 HLA-A alleles have been described. The HLA system plays an important role in the occurrence and outcome of infectious diseases, including those caused by the malaria parasite, the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), and the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus (SARS-CoV). The structural spike and the nucleocapsid proteins of the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2, which causes coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), are reported to contain multiple Class I epitopes with predicted HLA restrictions. Individual HLA genetic variation may help explain different immune responses to a virus across a population.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:1000 - 1:6000

IHC-P 1:200 - 1:2000

ELISA Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL.

Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID Swiss Prot 3105 P01891

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

HLAA; HLA-A

Contact

<u>a</u>	400-999-6126
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$\overline{\mathfrak{S}}$	www.abclonal.com.cn

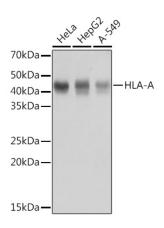
Product Information

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 0.05% BSA, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

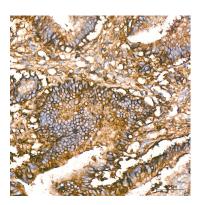


Western blot analysis of various lysates using HLA-A Rabbit mAb (A11406) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit lgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: $25\mu g$ per lane.

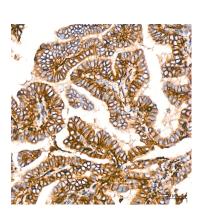
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

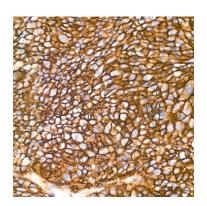
Exposure time: 1s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human colon carcinoma tissue using HLA-A Rabbit mAb (A11406) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed with 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using HLA-A Rabbit mAb (A11406) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed with 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human liver cancer tissue using HLA-A Rabbit mAb (A11406) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed with 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human stomach tissue using HLA-A Rabbit mAb (A11406) at a dilution of 1:200 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval was performed with 0.01 M citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.