Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: AP0637 Recombinant 71 Publications



Basic Information

Observed MW 60kDa

Calculated MW 56kDa

Category Primary antibody

Applications ELISA,WB,IHC-P

Cross-Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

CloneNo number ARC0169

Recommended Dilutions

WB	1:500 - 1:2000
IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200

Background

This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, G-protein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (elF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome and Cowden syndrome 6, and breast, colorectal, and ovarian cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

Immunogen Information

Gene	ID
207	

Swiss Prot P31749

Immunogen

A synthetic phosphorylated peptide around S473 of human Akt1 (P31749).

Synonyms

AKT; PKB; RAC; PRKBA; PKB-ALPHA; RAC-ALPHA; Phospho-AKT1-S473

Contact

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Product Information

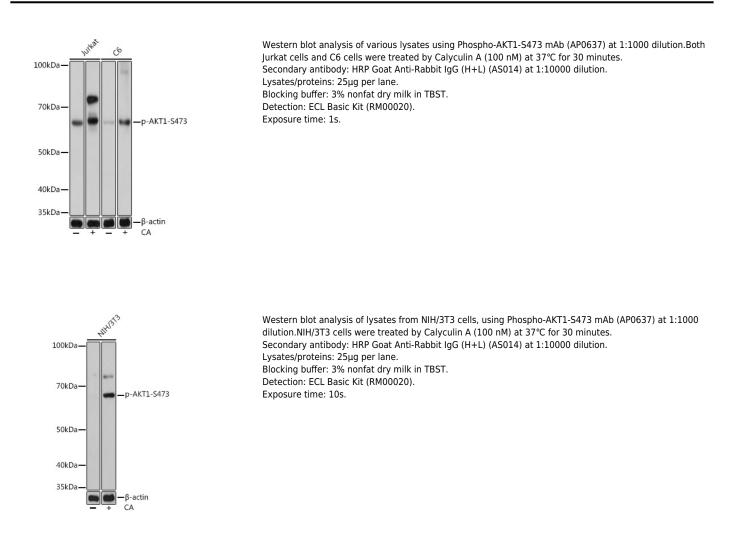
Source Rabbit

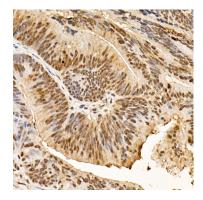
Isotype lgG

Purification Affinity purification

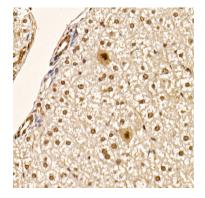
Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,0.05% BSA,50% glycerol,pH7.3.

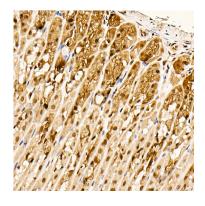




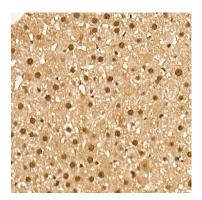
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Human colon carcinoma using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Mouse liver using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Mouse stomach using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffinembedded Rat liver using Phospho-AKT1-S473 Rabbit mAb (AP0637) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.